

BIOLOGICAL IMAGING DEVELOPMENT COLAB



University of California
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Pod C: Leica Sp5 Laser Scanning Confocal Microscope

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1 Introduction

The Leica Sp5 is an upright laser-scanning confocal microscope with 9 laser lines and four PMT (photo-multiplier tube) detectors.

The objective turret houses four objectives including 10x Air, 40x Oil, 63x Water, and 63x Oil immersion. The stage is motorized for large tiled stitching or marking and storing positions.

All new users need to be trained by a BIDC staff member before independent use.

Please sign up for time using the **iLab** microscope scheduler.

The available objectives are:

Mag	Immersion	Numerical Aperture	Working Distance	ID Number
10x	Air	0.4	2.20 mm	506285
40x	Oil	1.3	0.22 mm	506331
63x	Water	1.2	0.22 mm	506279
63x	Oil	1.4	0.10 mm	506188

2 Hardware Start-Up

1. Turn on the three green power switches from left to right. See Figure: 1.
 - (a) The first powers the PC and the Microscope.
 - (b) The second powers the Scanner.
 - (c) The third powers the Laser.
 - (d) Once the three power switches are On, turn On the Laser Emission with the Key.



Figure 1: The power supply switches located at the right side of the computer desk.

2. Turn on the fluorescent lamp source See Figure: 2.



Figure 2: Fluorescent Lamp located on the computer desk.

3. **Note:** The Leica CTR6500 Control Box, located under the fluorescent lamp source, should always remain powered On, do NOT turn off.

3 Starting the Software

1. Select **TCS-User** on Windows sign-in.
2. Check the stage and objectives for stray (not cleaned up) oil. Contact the BIDC if you find oil on non-oil objectives, or if you notice excessive oil. There should never be oil on the stage, or on non-oil objectives. Oil on non-oil objectives will permanently damage objectives. Improper use of immersion oil will not be tolerated.
3. Start the **LAS AF** Software
4. The software will pause, continue by clicking the **OK** button.
5. A window will appear asking to initialize the stage. You may initialize the stage if you wish to do tiled images. If you select **Yes**, be sure that your sample is not on the stage, and that the objective turret is all the way down using the focus wheel/knob. Damage to the objective or your sample may result if these precautions are not followed.

4 Finding the Sample by Eye

1. Choose the objective you want to image with using the side panel or the **Objective** text in the **Acquire** tab.

2. Add water or oil if using that immersion objective.
3. Place your sample in the appropriate sample holder and set on the stage.
4. Using the stage control, align your sample under the objective and lower the objective to the sample.
5. To focus using fluorescence, use the panel on the lower front of the microscope. See Figure: 3.
6. Press the **Filter Wheel** icon on the left side of the display.
7. Press **Fluo** under the **Incident** column at the top of the display.
8. Select the desired filter from the list below
9. Press the shutter button on the same panel to open the shutter.

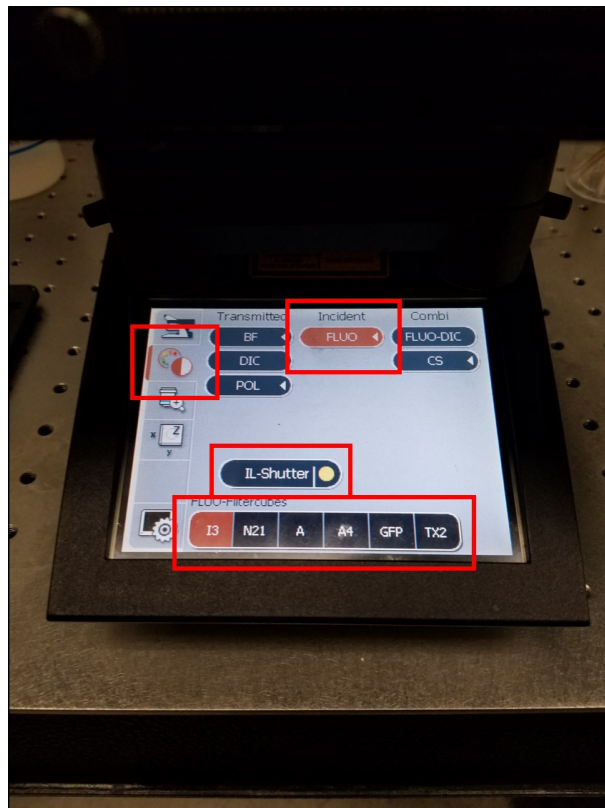


Figure 3: Panel at the front of the microscope for controlling filters for the eyes.

10. Once your sample is in focus set up your acquisition in the software.

5 Turning on the Lasers

1. Go into Configuration tab and select the **Laser** icon. See Figure: 4
2. Turn on desired lasers by clicking the checkboxes.
3. If using the Argon laser, set the power to 30%.

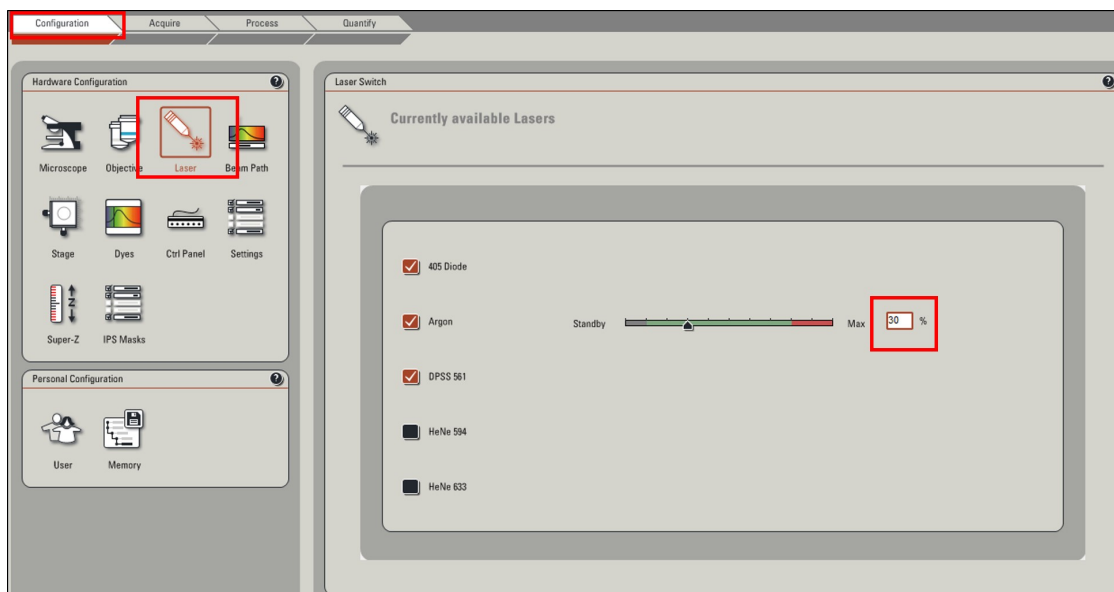


Figure 4: Laser settings under the configuration tab.

- Click **Settings** icon, and adjust bit depth resolution if necessary (default is 8 bit, other options are 12 and 16 bit) If you are quantifying your image intensities, it is recommended to use 16 bit. See Figure: 5

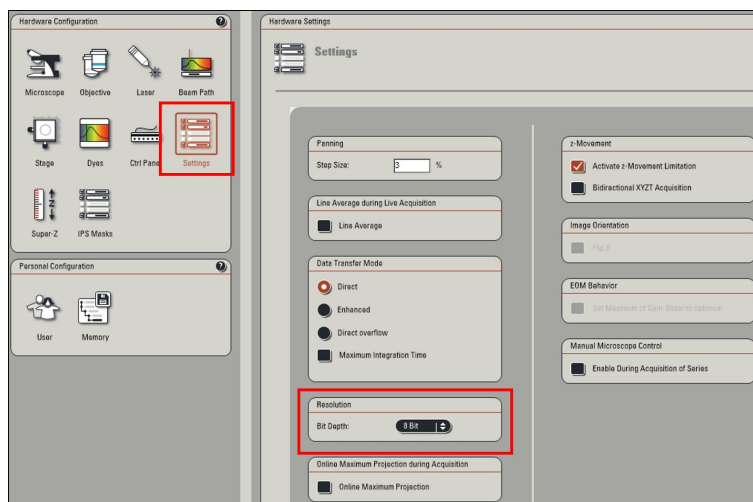


Figure 5: Bit depth settings.

- It is **not** recommended to change any other settings.

6 Acquiring an Image

This microscope is configured with an AOBs tunable emission filter. This feature enables a high degree of control in the emission parameters. Additionally, a user can control whether fluorophores are imaged simultaneously, sequentially, or in combination.

6.1 Simultaneous Image

This microscope can image up to 4 fluorophores (plus Scan BF) simultaneously.

1. Press the **UV** button to engage the 405 nm laser. See Figure: 6
2. Increase the laser power using the slider. **Note:** 10% is a good starting point.
3. Press the **Visible** button to engage the additional laser lines. See Figure: 6
4. Increase the laser power using the slider for each laser line you will use.

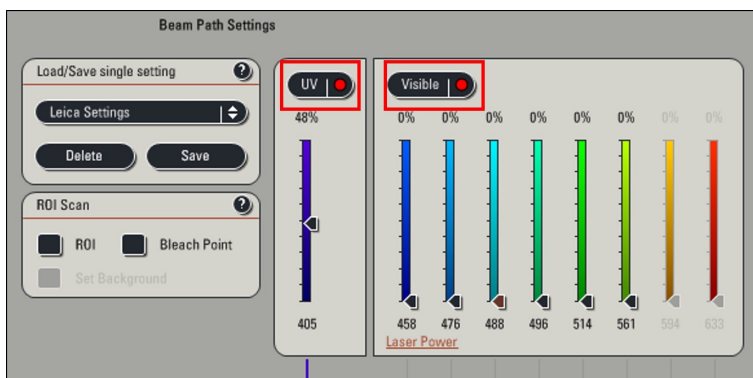


Figure 6: Laser Control Settings.

5. For each laser line engage a PMT and set the bandpass with the sliders. See Figure: 7
Note: The minimum parameter for the PMT should be set at least 5 nm above the excitation wavelength.
Note: A reference spectrum can be loaded to help with choosing the channel bandpass.

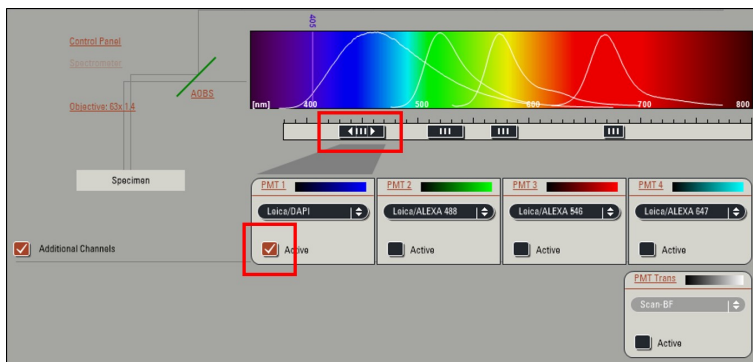


Figure 7: Engage PMTs and set the bandpass.

6. Click **Live** to view your sample on the computer and adjust the **Smart Gain** between 700-1250V, although the lowest gain possible is recommended to reduce noise. See Figure: 8
7. After setting the gain, adjust the Z Position (focus) using the dial on the smart panel, Not on the microscope. See Figure: 8



Figure 8: The image above shows the smart board where the Smart Gain and Z- Position knobs are located.

8. Select **Quick LUT** (look-up table) on the upper left-hand side to cycle through display options. See Figure: 9
9. Using the over/under saturation LUT adjust the laser power and PMT gain for each channel until you have a bright signal but no pixels are blue. **Note:** Under saturated pixels appear green and can indicate the PMT has no gain set.

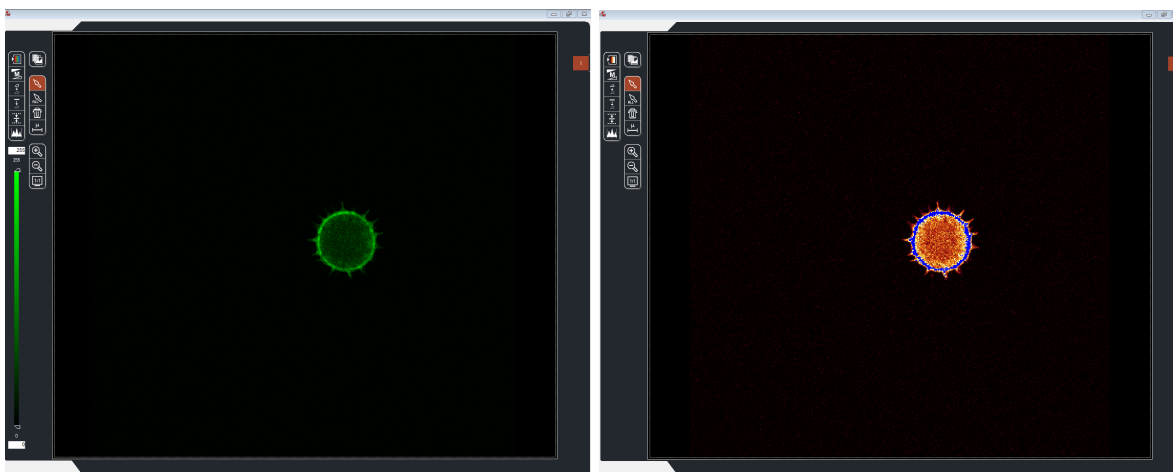


Figure 9: Left: Pseudo-color look up LUT. Right: Over/under saturation LUT with over saturated pixels in blue.

10. Press **Capture** or **Start** to take a single image.

Note: Under Beam Path Settings, and the Load/Save single setting window, you may use the drop-down menu to find preset settings for common fluorophores, such as DAPI, GFP, or TRITC. See Figure: 10

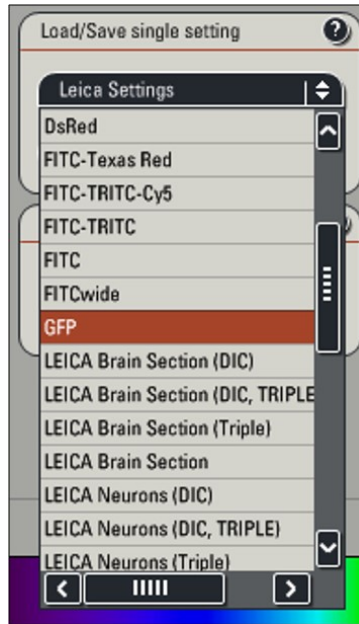


Figure 10: Selecting the GFP preset setting from the Load/Save Single Setting window.

6.2 Sequential Image

To image more than 4 channels (plus Scan BF) and/or to reduce channel bleedthrough, a user can choose to image with multiple sequences.

1. Press the **Seq** button in the **Acquisition Mode** tab in the upper left of the screen. See Figure:11



Figure 11: This tab defines the overall acquisition parameters for the experiment.

2. This will open the **Sequential Scan** tab. See Figure: 12

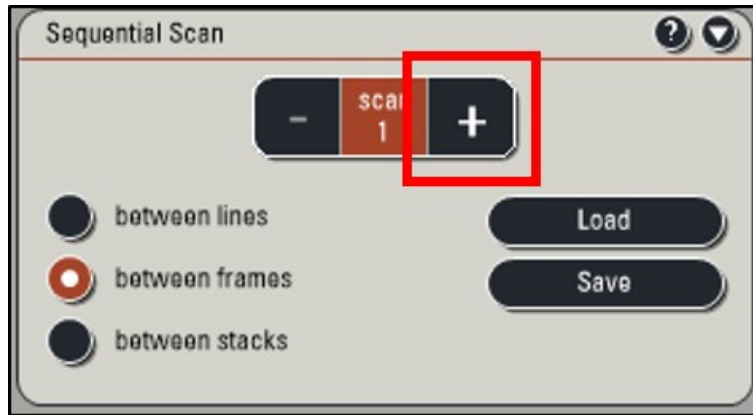


Figure 12: Add sequences, save/load sequence files, control when the sequences change.

3. Engage the laser lines you will use, but do not add any power.
4. Press the '+' button in the **Sequential Scan** tab to add as many sequences as you want.
5. For each sequence increase the laser power for the laser lines you want to use within that sequence and engage the PMT and bandpass you want to use. **Note:** It is best practice to assign sequence from Red to Blue (DAPI last). This method ensures the highest energy photons interact with the sample last.
6. Select either **between lines**, **between frames**, or **between stacks**. This is when the sequences are changed during the experiment.
7. Once your settings are satisfactory, you may save this personalized sequence for future use using the Save/load buttons within the **Sequential Scan** tab.

6.3 XY Panel

Settings as they pertain to the image in XY.

1. Choose your pixel resolution. The default settings will be 512 x 512 but can be changed to a higher resolution such as 1024 x 1024 for imaging.
2. Select your scan speed. The default scan speed setting is 400Hz. Decreasing the speed will decrease the noise. Increasing the speed will increase the noise, and may result in a smaller field of view of the scan head cannot scan the area in the time requested.
3. Set your line averaging or integration. This can be done on a by sequence basis.

6.4 Z-Stack Panel

Volume settings. **Note:** To Image a Z stack, Acquisition Mode must be in xyz. See Figure: 11

1. In Z-Stack panel, set the beginning and end of your z-stack using the Z Position control knob on the smart panel, not the microscope, while in Live mode.
2. Once the limits are set, turn off Live mode to set the number of steps within the selected volume, or the z-step size to determine the number of steps.
3. There is also a **System optimized** option to use **Nyquist** sampling methods.

7 Saving Acquired Images

1. Click the **Experiments** tab to view all images taken.
2. Delete or Rename images as needed.
3. Click **Save All** to save images as a .lif file in your hard drive.
4. Please remove old files from the Sp5 computer once they have been saved to your hard drive.

8 Shut Down

1. After saving, close the **LAS AF** software.
2. Shut down the computer using Shut Down option in the **Start Menu**.
3. Remove samples and clean objectives as needed.
4. Shut off Leica shutter box.
5. Turn emission key for laser to off.
6. Turn off the 3 power switches.
7. Confirm the space is clean and ready for the next user.

Contact the BIDC

The BIDC office is located in Medical Sciences Building Room S1109.

The BIDC office phone number is 415-476-4550.

If you need immediate assistance and no one is available in the office, or it is after business hours, please call the **BIDC Hotline** at 415-745-2432.